





How Does Green H₂ Get to Europe?

Europe needs H₂ import

Europe strives for CO_2 neutrality. Only 1/3 of the Green H_2 required in the future can be produced inside the FU



Today's solutions are not satisfying

Liquid H₂ (LH₂)

- Low efficiency (cooling to -253°C, boil-off-losses)
- High investment costs for new infrastructure

Ammonia

- Low efficiency
- Difficult to get pure H₂ again
- Difficult to handle, poisonous

LOHC

- High energy demand for offloading/H₂-separation
- Environmentally hazardous

Our vision

We make H₂-transport simple, cost-effective and safe by using existing container transport infrastructure.

We **reduce** the consumption of clean **water for electrolysis** in sunny arid countries **by 90 %.**



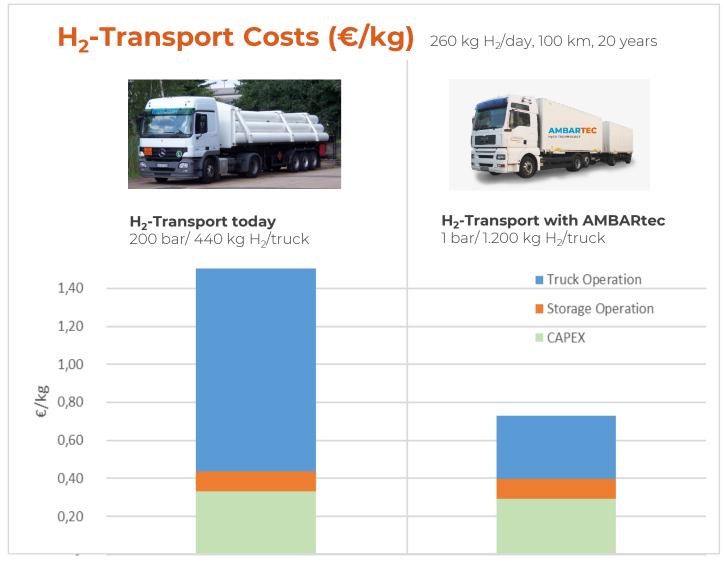




Regional H₂-Transport Costs reduction by factor >2

Additional Advantages AMBARtec

- Lower CAPEX at electrolizer
- Quick unloading: <15 Minutes/20 MWh
- No self unloading (boil-off losses)
- High safety
- Sustainable, widely spread and low cost materials



200 bar AMBARtec





25% lower costs in transport

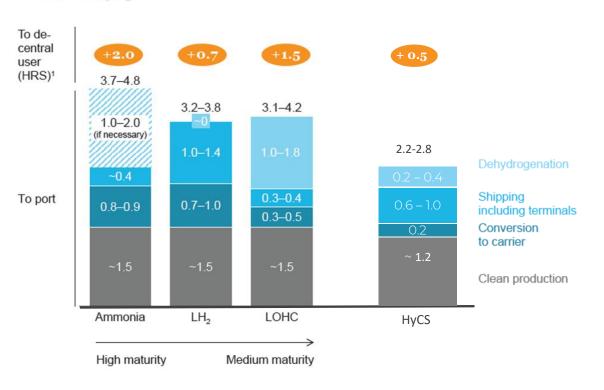
Landed costs at port of renewable H₂ shipped from Saudi Arabia to Europe

Shipping route from Saudia Arabia to Europe through Suez Canal, 8,700km



Costs for at scale production and shipping transportation in 2030





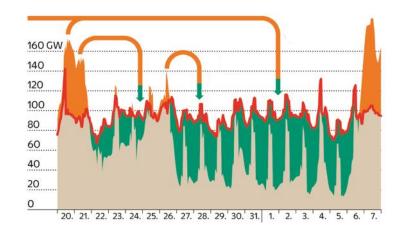




No Sun – No Wind. Where Does the Energy Come From?

Renewables are not always available

How can we store power surpluses from wind and sun to compensate the dark Jull?



Potential alternatives are not satisfying

Electric battery

- Low energy density
- material constraints
 (e.g. rare-earth elements)

Pressurized H₂

- Space consuming
- Hazardeous (permitting challenge)

H₂ caverns

- Only few available
- Require H₂ grid connection for users and producers

Our vision

- We make mid- to long-term energy storage cost efficient and safe.
- We support local energy storage by transportable units.





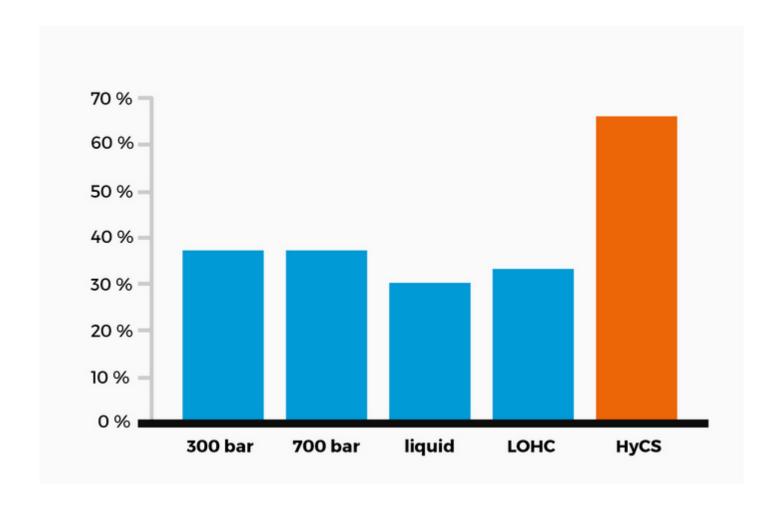


Power – Power Efficency of H₂-Systems

Elektrolizer – Storage – Re-Electrification

HyCS-Potential for the highest Power to Power efficiency

Precondition: Lifting synergies of the whole process chain





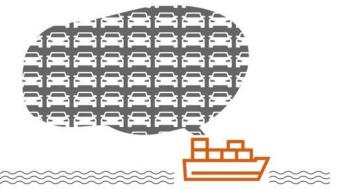


How to Get Ships CO₂-Neutral?

The maritime sector is one of the major CO₂-emitters

- Worldwide shipping causes as many CO₂ emissions as the whole of Germany.
- Heavy fuel oil: massive air pollution

An average cruise ship emits as much CO₂ per day as almost **84,000 cars.**



Potential alternatives are not satisfying

Liquefied natural gas (LNG)

• Improves air quality, but low impact on climate gas reduction

Ammonia

- High energy demand for production
- Poisonous and difficult to handle

Green Methanol

- High energy demand for production
- Low energy density per kg

Pressurized H₂

- Space consuming
- Certification challenging

Our vision

- Sustainable fuel solutions for ships with AMBARtec's HyCS®-Technology together with maritime partner Liberty Pier.
- We make maritime green energy supply simple and safe.

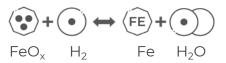


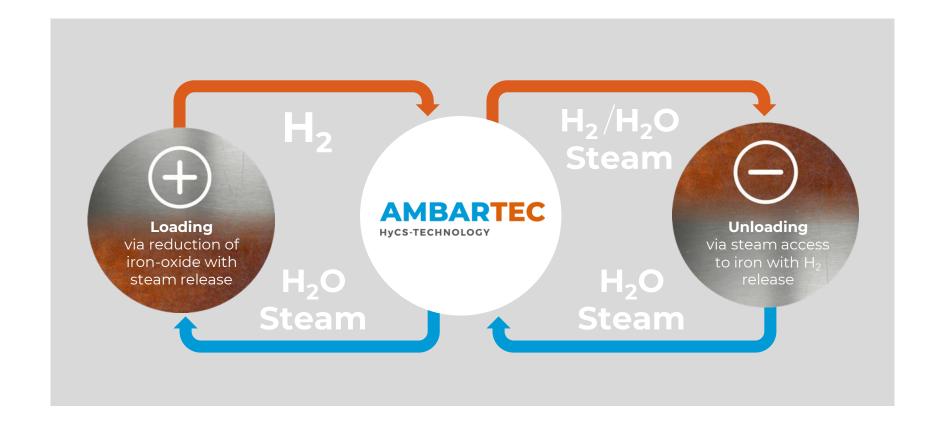


Iron Reduction and Oxidation in a Container

Hydrogen Compact Storage Technology

Our innovative HyCS®-Technology is based on a well known reverse chemical process.







Fe-Storage Elements







Benefits





Our HyCS®-Technology is ...

Compact

- Up to 900 kg of H₂ in a 20-feet container –
 2 to 4 times more than other systems
- Use of existing infrastructure (ship, rail, road)

Efficient

- 50 % less electricity and 90 % less water in combination with H₂ electrolysis
- Charge / discharge in 30 mins
- No cooling required, no H₂ evaporation

Sustainable

- Iron as storage medium is widely available
- Non-hazardous easy permitting
- Long lifetime (no degeneration)





Team and Pilot Facility





HyCS®-Products: Storage Units

H₂compact 100

Storage Capacity: 250 kWh/7,5kg H2

H₂compact 1000

Storage Capacity : 3 MWh/90 kg H2 Available in 10/23

H₂compact 6000 – 20' Container

Storage Capacity: 20 MWh/600 kg H2, up to 10 bar, weight: <18 t
Available in 06/24

H₂compact 6000 Plus – 20' Container

Storage Capacity: 30 MWh/up to 900 kg H2, up to 100 bar, weight: 32 t

Available in 09/24

Large Scale Units on request





The HyCS®-Standard (Un)Loading-Units

Status: 05/2023

Loading Units	Power kW	H ₂ kg/h	H ₂ Nm³/h	Pressure bar
HyCS-L 0.3	300	9	100	
HyCS-L 1.0	1,000	30	334	
HyCS-L 10.0	10,000	300	3,340	

Unloading Units

HyCS-U 0.3	300	9	100	max 30
HyCS-U 2.5	2,500	75	835	max 63
HyCS-U 10.0	10,000	300	3,340	max 100
HyCS-U 100.0	100,000	3,000	33,400	max 63





Customer Acquisition

Wide range of marketing activities:

- Own booth and keynote speeches on relevant international fairs and exhibitions
- Member in international networks
- Press releases and Articles in trade journals
- Social Media and Website activities

Our Partners:







UIT GmbH Dresden













erstoff und Eisen im Herzen



Printausgabe der Energie & Managemen

Canadian Hydrogen Convention









